



Female Genital
Mutilation
Legislative Report
December 2023

Arkansas Act 556:

Unlawful Female Genital Mutilation of a Minor

Table of Contents

Introduction	2
Overview of Act 556 of 2019	2
Awareness Program	3
Prevalence of Unlawful FGM of Minors in Arkansas SFY 2023	5
Reporting Process and Procedures	5
Cases of Unlawful FGM of Minors Reported by Healthcare Practitioners	7
Complaints of Unlawful FGM of Minors by a Licensed Medical Professional	7
Convictions of Unlawful FGM of Minors by a Licensed Medical Professional Appendix	
Act 556 of 2019	
Fact Sheet: Female Genital Mutilation	8
Best Practices for Providing Health Services to Victims of FGM	8
PowerPoint Slides: General Overview of FGM	8
PowerPoint Slides: FGM – An Overview for Healthcare Professionals	8

This report is produced by the Arkansas Department of Health, Center for Health Advancement as a requirement of Act 556 of 2019.

INTRODUCTION

Female genital mutilation (FGM), sometimes called "female cutting" or "female circumcision," is described by the World Health Organization (WHO) as comprising "all procedures that involve partial or total removal of the external female genitals, or other injury to the female genital organs for non-medical reasons."

FGM is not the same as male circumcision. The practice has no health benefits and can lead to a range of physical and mental health problems. The reasons given for performing FGM encompass beliefs about health, women's sexuality, and community and adulthood initiation rites.¹

FGM is against the law in the United States.

Arkansas Act 556 of 2019

Act 556 of 2019 was enacted to prohibit unlawful female genital mutilation (FGM) of a minor. The Act:

- Defined the criminal offense for committing unlawful FGM of a minor
- Amended the Child Maltreatment Act to include unlawful FGM of a minor as a definition of abuse
- Provided a civil cause of action for victims of unlawful FGM of a minor
- Added unlawful FGM of a minor by a medical professional to the Arkansas Medical Practices Act and authorized state medical professional licensing entities to institute disciplinary actions against licensed medical professionals who are convicted of committing unlawful FGM of a minor
- Established an awareness program administered by the Arkansas Department of Health (ADH)
- Required ADH to compile an annual report of any incidents of unlawful FGM reported by health practitioners in each county in Arkansas

https://www.healthy.arkansas.gov/images/uploads/pdf/FGM FACT SHEET FINAL 1-15-2020.pdf.

¹ For more information about female genital mutilation, including links to scientific studies and other resources, refer to the ADH fact sheet on female genital mutilation available here:

AWARENESS PROGRAM

The Arkansas Department of Health partnered with the Arkansas Division of Elementary and Secondary Education, Arkansas Department of Human Services, Arkansas Association of Chiefs of Police, Arkansas Sheriffs' Association, Arkansas State Police, Arkansas Nursing Board, and the Arkansas Medical Board to develop strategies to increase awareness of unlawful female genital mutilation (FGM) of minors, prevent unlawful FGM, protect and provide assistance to victims of unlawful FGM, and to ensure awareness and compliance with the criminal penalties for committing unlawful FGM.

2020-2023 activities include:

- The Arkansas Department of Health has continued to follow research studies in efforts
 to improve strategies to increase awareness of unlawful female genital mutilation
 (FGM) of minors, prevent unlawful FGM, protect and provide assistance to victims of
 unlawful FGM, and to ensure awareness and compliance with the criminal penalties for
 committing unlawful FGM.
- ADH found information regarding a Women's Health Needs Study (WHNS) that CDC engaged the National Opinion Research Center (NORC) at the University of Chicago to design and pilot. This is the first multi-site study in the United States to collect FGM information. The pilot was completed in 2019. Implementation is planned for 2020-2021 in up to six U.S. communities. The populations are high concentrated areas from FGM/C-prevalence countries. ADH will continue to follow the outcomes of the study.
 - ❖ Women's Health Needs Study (WHNS)² will collect:
 - Women's Health experiences and behaviors
 - Attitudes from U.S. resident women aged 18-49 who were born, or whose mothers were born, in a country where FGM/C is a prevalent practice
- ADH's Center for Health Advancement has enrolled in the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) distribution list for Female Genital Mutilation/Cutting (FGM/C) updates³.
- The Office of Women's Health (OWH) published a fact sheet in 2018 that provides an OWH helpline number and additional contacts for FGM/C support.⁴ ADH continues to monitor OWH website for updated content.

² Women's Health Needs Study of U.S. Residents from Countries with Common Practice of Female Genital Mutilation and Cutting | NORC.org

³ Female Genital Mutilation/Cutting (FGM/C) | CDC

⁴ OWH Female Genital Mutilation or Cutting Fact Sheet (owh-wh-d9-dev.s3.amazonaws.com)

Continued activities include:

- Arkansas Department of Health (ADH) published reproducible fact sheets and a PowerPoint slide presentation to help educators, law enforcement officials, and the general public increase their knowledge regarding unlawful female genital mutilation of a minor.
 - This material addresses:
 - What it is
 - Health effects
 - Risk factors
 - Signs that an individual may be a victim
 - Criminal penalties
 - How to report suspected maltreatment
 - The PowerPoint slides and Fact sheets are available on the ADH website.
 - Materials:
 - Female Genital Mutilation Fact Sheet:
 https://www.healthy.arkansas.gov/images/uploads/pdf/FGM_FA
 CT SHEET FINAL 1-15-2020.pdf
 - Female Genital Mutilation PowerPoint Presentation
 https://www.healthy.arkansas.gov/images/uploads/pdf/FGM_Ov_erview_General_FINAL_last_REVISED_8.1.19_ohc_- logo.pdf
 - ADH Website Page with Information and Resources https://www.healthy.arkansas.gov/programs-services/topics/female-genital-mutilation
- Arkansas Department of Health (ADH) reproducible fact sheet, PowerPoint
 presentation, and reproducible guide to best practices to help healthcare practitioners
 increase their knowledge regarding unlawful female genital mutilation of a minor,
 prevent unlawful FGM, and protect and provide assistance to victims of unlawful FGM.
 - This material addresses:
 - What it is
 - Health effects
 - Risk factors

- Signs that an individual may be a victim
- Criminal penalties
- Mandatory reporting requirements
- Best practices for responses to victims of FGM, including key recommendations for providing health services
- The PowerPoint presentation slides, fact sheet, and guide to best practices are available on the ADH website.
 - Overview of Female Genital Mutilation:
 https://www.healthy.arkansas.gov/images/uploads/pdf/FGM FACT SHE
 ET FINAL 1-15-2020.pdf
 - Best Practices for Providing Health Services to Victims of Female Genital Mutilation:
 https://www.healthy.arkansas.gov/images/uploads/pdf/ADH Best Practices FGM 12-4-19 FINAL.pdf
 - PowerPoint: Female Genital Mutilation: An Overview for Health Care Professionals
 https://www.healthy.arkansas.gov/images/uploads/pdf/FGM Overview for Nurses FINAL - Logo update.pdf
 - ADH Website Page with Information and Resources
 https://www.healthy.arkansas.gov/programs-services/topics/female-genital-mutilation
- The Arkansas Department of Health (ADH) Arkansas TRAIN course provides ADH healthcare professionals training to increase their knowledge regarding FGM and any civil cause of action related to violation of ACT 556 of 2019. The course provides nurse continuing education units.

PREVALENCE OF UNLAWFUL FEMALE GENITAL MUTILATION OF MINORS IN ARKANSAS SFY 2023

Reporting Processes and Procedures

Act 556 of 2019 amended two codes sections that provide mandatory mechanisms for tracking the prevalence of unlawful female genital mutilation of minors in Arkansas:

- Arkansas Code § 12-18-103, concerning definitions related to child maltreatment, was amended to include female genital mutilation.
 - Under Arkansas Code § 12-18-402, all healthcare practitioners in Arkansas are "mandated reporters" of child maltreatment. Healthcare practitioners and all other mandated reporters must immediately notify the Arkansas Child Abuse Hotline established by the Arkansas Department of Human Services if he or she 1) has reasonable cause to suspect that a child has been subject to child maltreatment or died as a result of child maltreatment or 2) observes a child being subject to conditions or circumstances that would reasonably result in child maltreatment.^{5,6}
 - ❖ In compliance with Act 556 of 2019, the Arkansas Department of Human Services (DHS) began tracking the cases of unlawful female genital mutilation reported to the Arkansas Child Abuse Hotline in December 2019. ADH and DHS formed a partnership to provide ADH with annual data on the number of incidents of unlawful female genital mutilation reported to the Arkansas Child Abuse Hotline. By tracking the number of incidents of FGM reported by healthcare practitioners through this robust mandatory reporting mechanism, ADH has access to the most comprehensive reporting data available in Arkansas, including not only healthcare practitioners, but the public and all mandatory reporters, such as law enforcement officials, child abuse advocates, clergy, and teachers.
- Arkansas Code § 17-80-121, within the Arkansas Medical Practices Act, was amended to
 include a provision that a state agency, board, or commission authorized to issue a
 license to a medical professional under the laws of this state shall institute disciplinary
 action against a licensed medical professional over whom the state agency, board, or
 commission has jurisdiction and who is convicted of unlawful female genital mutilation
 of a minor.

⁵ The Arkansas Child Abuse Hotline Call Center is staffed by a team of specially trained personnel from the Crimes Against Children Division of Arkansas State Police. An investigation may ensue based upon reports which meet the criteria of state and federal laws.

⁶ Mandated reporters of child maltreatment can submit reports 24-hours a day, seven days a week by: 1) Calling toll-free phone numbers 1-844-SAVE-A-CHILD (1-844-728-3224) or 1-800-482-5964 or 2) Faxing a report to (501) 618-8952 using a telephone facsimile reporting template which can be found at: https://static.ark.org/eeuploads/asp/cacd_suspected_abuse_fax_template_112013.pdf

Cases of Unlawful FGM of Minors Reported by Healthcare Practitioners of Each County:

In SFY 2023, healthcare practitioners in Arkansas reported one case of unlawful female genital mutilation of a minor to the Arkansas Child Abuse Hotline.⁷

In SFY 2023, the ADH healthcare practitioners practicing in all ADH local health units across the state reported zero cases of unlawful genital mutilation of a minor.⁸

Complaints of Unlawful FGM of Minors by a Licensed Medical Professional:

In SFY 2023, the Arkansas Medical Board and the Arkansas Nursing Board reported that they received zero complaints of unlawful female genital mutilation of a minor against a licensed medical professional under their jurisdiction.

In SFY 2023, the ADH Center for Local Public Health reported that they received zero complaints of unlawful female genital mutilation of a minor against licensed medical professionals in ADH local health units across the state.⁹

Convictions of Unlawful FGM of Minors by a Licensed Medical Professional:

In SFY 2023, the Arkansas Medical Board and the Arkansas Nursing Board reported that zero licensed medical professionals under their jurisdiction were convicted of unlawful female genital mutilation of a minor.

In SFY 2023, the ADH Center for Local Public Health reported that zero licensed medical professionals in ADH local health units were convicted of unlawful female genital mutilation of a minor.

⁷ There have one reported incidents of unlawful female genital mutilation of a minor to the Arkansas Child Abuse Hotline for SFY 2023.

⁸ ADH healthcare professionals are also mandatory reporters to the Arkansas Child Abuse Hotline.

⁹ ADH physicians and nurses are licensed to practice in Arkansas and are under the jurisdiction of the Arkansas Medical Board and the Arkansas Nursing Board, respectively.

APPENDIX

- ACT 556 of 2019:
 https://www.healthy.arkansas.gov/images/uploads/pdf/Act556 of 2019 FGM.PDF
- Fact Sheet: Overview of Female Genital Mutilation
 https://www.healthy.arkansas.gov/images/uploads/pdf/FGM_FACT_SHEET_FINAL_1-15-2020.pdf
- Fact Sheet: Female Genital Mutilation or Cutting <u>OWH Female Genital Mutilation or Cutting Fact Sheet (owh-wh-d9-dev.s3.amazonaws.com)</u>
- "FGM and Cutting at the Intersections of Domestic Violence and Sexual Assault: Expert
 Voices of Victim Service Providers in the Field" (video made available by the United
 States Department of Justice) https://www.justice.gov/ovw/video/female-genital-mutilation-and-cutting-intersections-domestic-violence-and-sexual-assault
- Best Practices for Providing Health Services to Victims of Female Genital Mutilation
 https://www.healthy.arkansas.gov/images/uploads/pdf/ADH_Best_Practices_FGM_12-4-19_FINAL.pdf
- PowerPoint: Female Genital Mutilation: A General Overview
 https://www.healthy.arkansas.gov/images/uploads/pdf/FGM Overview General FINAL
 last REVISED 8.1.19 ohc logo.pdf
- PowerPoint: Female Genital Mutilation: An Overview for Health Care Professionals
 https://www.healthy.arkansas.gov/images/uploads/pdf/FGM Overview for Nurses FI
 NAL Logo update.pdf